

117TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. _____

To require the Secretary of Agriculture to provide assistance for socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers and socially disadvantaged groups, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. WARNOCK (for himself, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. LUJAN, and Ms. STABENOW) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To require the Secretary of Agriculture to provide assistance for socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers and socially disadvantaged groups, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Emergency Relief for
5 Farmers of Color Act of 2021”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress finds that—

1 (1) various factors have contributed to the loss
2 of Black farmers, Indigenous farmers, and farmers
3 of color in the United States, including—

4 (A) mass and systemic loss of farmland
5 owned and operated by minority farmers;

6 (B) institutional civil rights violations by
7 the Federal Government;

8 (C) difficulties accessing debt and credit
9 capital; and

10 (D) other legal challenges that make it dif-
11 ficult for minority farmers and farmworkers to
12 participate in the United States farm economy;

13 (2) a 2019 Government Accountability Office
14 report found that socially disadvantaged farmers and
15 ranchers have more difficulty getting loans and cred-
16 it from the Department of Agriculture, which can
17 help beginning farmers break into the business and
18 help existing farmers continue running their oper-
19 ations;

20 (3) the finding described in paragraph (2) high-
21 lights the systemic racism that has hindered farmers
22 of color for generations and continues as of the date
23 of enactment of this Act;

24 (4) beginning in 1830, Native American re-
25 moval was a federally sanctioned practice, the im-

1 pact of which still detrimentally impacts Native
2 American farmers today, including—

3 (A) the moving of tens of thousands of
4 original inhabitants from traditional land;

5 (B) the disruption of land ownership and
6 tenure; and

7 (C) the reorientation of traditional farm
8 production techniques;

9 (5) according to the Census of Agriculture—

10 (A) approximately 80 percent of land was
11 lost by Black farmers from 1910 to 2007;

12 (B) in 1910, 14 percent of United States
13 farmers were Black; and

14 (C) in 2012, less than 2 percent of United
15 States farmers were Black;

16 (6) heirs' property refers to land that is infor-
17 mally passed down from generation to generation
18 without a legally designated owner;

19 (7) due to lack of access to the legal system
20 during Reconstruction and distrust of the legal sys-
21 tem during the Jim Crow era, many Black families
22 have relied on heirs' property to keep land in their
23 families, which has resulted in title issues now hin-
24 dering many Black families from obtaining credit;

1 (8) Hispanic farmers were unlawfully discrimi-
2 nated against by the Department of Agriculture with
3 respect to credit and loan transaction and farm dis-
4 aster benefits;

5 (9) there are various laws, regulations, and
6 questionable practices that have led to and are asso-
7 ciated with land owned by Black farmers, Indige-
8 nous farmers, and farmers of color being acquired
9 by developers, contrary to the will of the farmers
10 and land workers;

11 (10) numerous reports over 60 years have
12 shown a consistent pattern of discrimination at the
13 Department of Agriculture against Black farmers,
14 Indigenous farmers, and farmers of color;

15 (11) in 1965, the United States Commission on
16 Civil Rights found evidence of discrimination in pro-
17 gram delivery and the treatment of employees of
18 color at the Department of Agriculture;

19 (12) in the 1970s, the Department of Agri-
20 culture deliberately forced Black farmers, Indigenous
21 farmers, and farmers of color off their land through
22 corrupt loan and financing practices;

23 (13) a 1982 report of the United States Com-
24 mission on Civil Rights concluded that racial dis-
25 crimination was continuing within the Department

1 of Agriculture, and, despite lawsuits and court or-
2 ders, the discrimination continued in carrying out
3 the farm loan programs in the headquarters and the
4 network of field offices of the Department of Agri-
5 culture; and

6 (14) a 2008 Government Accountability Office
7 report stated there were “significant deficiencies” in
8 addressing civil rights issues by the Department of
9 Agriculture and recommended new measures to ad-
10 dress the backlog of civil rights issues at the Depart-
11 ment of Agriculture.

12 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

13 In this Act:

14 (1) FARM LOAN.—The term “farm loan” means
15 a loan administered by the Farm Service Agency
16 under subtitle A, B, or C of the Consolidated Farm
17 and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1922 et seq.).

18 (2) QUALIFIED NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—
19 The term “qualified nonprofit organization” means
20 an organization—

21 (A) that is a nonprofit;

22 (B) that has not less than 3 years of expe-
23 rience providing meaningful agricultural, busi-
24 ness assistance, legal assistance, or advocacy

1 services to socially disadvantaged farmers or
2 ranchers; and

3 (C) at least 50 percent of the members of
4 the board of directors of which are members of
5 a socially disadvantaged group.

6 (3) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means
7 the Secretary of Agriculture.

8 (4) SOCIALLY DISADVANTAGED FARMER OR
9 RANCHER.—The term “socially disadvantaged farm-
10 er or rancher” has the meaning given the term in
11 section 2501(a) of the Food, Agriculture, Conserva-
12 tion, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 2279(a)).

13 (5) SOCIALLY DISADVANTAGED GROUP.—The
14 term “socially disadvantaged group” has the mean-
15 ing given the term in section 2501(a) of the Food,
16 Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7
17 U.S.C. 2279(a)).

18 **SEC. 4. DEBT FORGIVENESS ON FARM SERVICE AGENCY**

19 **LOANS.**

20 (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to ad-
21 dress the historical discrimination against socially dis-
22 advantaged farmers and ranchers and address issues re-
23 lating to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID–19)—

24 (1) in farm loan programs; and

25 (2) across the Department of Agriculture.

1 (b) DEBT FORGIVENESS.—

2 (1) DIRECT LOANS.—The Secretary shall for-
3 give the obligation of each socially disadvantaged
4 farmer or rancher who is a borrower of a farm loan
5 made by the Secretary to repay the principal and in-
6 terest outstanding as of the date of enactment of
7 this Act on the farm loan.

8 (2) GUARANTEED LOANS.—The Secretary shall
9 pay to each lender of farm loans guaranteed by the
10 Secretary an amount equal to the principal and in-
11 terest outstanding as of the date of enactment of
12 this Act on all farm loans held by the lender, the
13 borrowers of which are socially disadvantaged farm-
14 ers and ranchers, such that the borrowers shall be
15 relieved of the obligation to repay the principal and
16 interest due on those guaranteed farm loans.

17 (3) APPLICATIONS.—

18 (A) CIRCUMSTANCES WHEN NOT RE-
19 QUIRED.—The Secretary shall not require a
20 borrower of a farm loan for which debt forgive-
21 ness may be provided under paragraph (1) or
22 (2) who has self-identified as a socially dis-
23 advantaged farmer or rancher under a farm
24 loan existing as of the date of enactment of this

1 Act to submit an application for debt forgive-
2 ness under paragraph (1) or (2).

3 (B) OPPORTUNITY TO SUBMIT.—The Sec-
4 retary shall provide to each socially disadvan-
5 taged farmer or rancher who is a borrower of
6 a farm loan for which debt forgiveness may be
7 provided under paragraph (1) or (2) and who
8 has not self-identified as a socially disadvan-
9 taged farmer or rancher under a farm loan ex-
10 isting as of the date of enactment of this Act
11 an opportunity to submit to the Secretary an
12 application for debt forgiveness under para-
13 graph (1) or (2).

14 (4) PROHIBITION ON FUTURE ELIGIBILITY RE-
15 STRICTION.—The Secretary shall not restrict the eli-
16 gibility of a borrower for a future farm loan based
17 on the receipt of loan forgiveness under this section.

18 (c) FUNDING.—There is appropriated to the Sec-
19 retary, out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise ap-
20 propriated, to carry out this section \$4,000,000,000 for
21 the period of fiscal years 2021 through 2025.

22 **SEC. 5. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR SOCIALLY DIS-**
23 **ADVANTAGED FARMERS AND RANCHERS AND**
24 **SOCIALLY DISADVANTAGED GROUPS.**

25 (a) EQUITY COMMISSION.—

1 (ii) recommendations for improving
2 the structure of Farm Service Agency
3 county committees to better serve socially
4 disadvantaged farmers and ranchers.

5 (b) NATIONAL CENTER FOR MINORITY FARMER AG-
6 RICULTURAL LAW RESEARCH AND INFORMATION.—

7 (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall
8 make a competitive grant to a school of law, or a
9 legal research entity, in the United States to estab-
10 lish the National Center for Minority Farmer Agri-
11 cultural Law Research and Information (referred to
12 in this subsection as the “Center”).

13 (2) ACTIVITIES.—The Center shall—

14 (A) conduct international, Federal, State,
15 and local legal research on the legal issues of
16 minority farmers and farmworkers relating to
17 farmland, credit, land ownership, and related
18 food and agricultural issues;

19 (B) provide information, community legal
20 education, policy research, and guidance on
21 legal issues relating to minority farmers and
22 farmworkers to—

23 (i) practicing attorneys, including at-
24 torneys providing pro bono assistance, rep-
25 resenting minority farmers and farm-

1 workers, including advice and brief serv-
2 ices;

3 (ii) minority farmers and individuals
4 assisting minority farmers on legal issues;

5 (iii) food, agriculture, farmworker,
6 and farm organizations;

7 (iv) local, State, and Federal agencies;

8 (v) members of Congress; and

9 (vi) other persons who are assisting
10 minority farmers and farmworkers in ad-
11 dressing the legal issues described in sub-
12 paragraph (A); and

13 (C) coordinate a national network of attor-
14 neys—

15 (i) providing legal assistance to minor-
16 ity farmers and farmworkers; or

17 (ii) working on issues relevant to mi-
18 nority farmers and farmworkers.

19 (3) AVAILABILITY.—

20 (A) CENTER.—The Center shall make
21 available to the National Agricultural Library
22 the research, community legal education, policy
23 research, guidance, advice, and information of
24 the Center.

1 (B) NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.—

2 The National Agricultural Library shall make
3 available to the public the research, community
4 legal education, policy research, guidance, ad-
5 vice, and information provided by the Center
6 under subparagraph (A).

7 (4) COLLABORATION.—The Center shall col-
8 laborate with—

9 (A) the National Agricultural Library; and

10 (B) the National Center for Agricultural
11 Law Research and Information.

12 (c) GRANTS AND LOANS TO RESOLVE OWNERSHIP
13 AND SUCCESSION ON FARMLAND.—The Secretary shall
14 make—

15 (1) grants to resolve property issues relating to
16 ownership and succession on farmland; and

17 (2) loans under section 310I of the Consoli-
18 dated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C.
19 1936c).

20 (d) COOPERATIVES SERVING SOCIALLY DISADVAN-
21 TAGED GROUPS.—The Secretary shall provide financial
22 assistance to cooperative development centers, individual
23 cooperatives, or groups of cooperatives—

24 (1) that serve socially disadvantaged groups;

25 and

1 (2) a majority of the boards of directors or
2 other governing boards of which are composed of in-
3 dividuals who are members of socially disadvantaged
4 groups.

5 (e) PILOT PROJECTS.—The Secretary may establish
6 pilot projects to provide technical and financial assistance
7 to socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers, including
8 projects that focus on land acquisition, financial planning,
9 technical assistance, and credit.

10 (f) HISTORICAL DISCRIMINATION.—The Secretary
11 may provide financial assistance to socially disadvantaged
12 farmers or ranchers that—

13 (1) are former farm loan borrowers of the De-
14 partment of Agriculture; and

15 (2) have suffered adverse actions or past dis-
16 crimination or bias relating to the farm loan, as de-
17 termined by the Secretary.

18 (g) FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—The Secretary may
19 support the development of agricultural credit financial in-
20 stitutions that are designed to serve and finance socially
21 disadvantaged groups, including Farm Credit System in-
22 stitutions chartered under the Farm Credit Act of 1971
23 (12 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.).

24 (h) FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The
25 Secretary shall provide financial assistance, outreach, me-

1 diation, financial training, capacity building training, co-
2 operative development training and support, and other
3 technical assistance to qualified nonprofit organizations
4 that provide services to socially disadvantaged farmers and
5 ranchers.

6 (i) 1890 LAND-GRANT INSTITUTIONS AND CERTAIN
7 OTHER INSTITUTIONS.—The Secretary shall support and
8 supplement research, education, and extension activities
9 at—

10 (1) colleges or universities eligible to receive
11 funds under the Act of August 30, 1890 (commonly
12 known as the “Second Morrill Act”) (26 Stat. 417,
13 chapter 841; 7 U.S.C. 321 et seq.), including
14 Tuskegee University;

15 (2) 1994 Institutions (as defined in section 532
16 of the Equity in Education Land-Grant Status Act
17 of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note; Public Law 103–382));

18 (3) Alaska Native serving institutions and Na-
19 tive Hawaiian serving institutions eligible to receive
20 grants under subsections (a) and (b), respectively, of
21 section 1419B of the National Agricultural Re-
22 search, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977
23 (7 U.S.C. 3156);

24 (4) Hispanic-serving institutions eligible to re-
25 ceive grants under section 1455 of the National Ag-

1 ricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy
2 Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3241); and

3 (5) eligible institutions (as defined in section
4 1489 of the National Agricultural Research, Exten-
5 sion, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C.
6 3361)).

7 (j) GRANTS FOR SCHOLARSHIPS.—The Secretary
8 shall provide grants to—

9 (1) colleges or universities eligible to receive
10 funds under the Act of August 30, 1890 (commonly
11 known as the “Second Morrill Act”) (26 Stat. 417,
12 chapter 841; 7 U.S.C. 321 et seq.), including
13 Tuskegee University, for student scholarships; and

14 (2) land-grant colleges and universities (as de-
15 fined in section 1404 of the National Agricultural
16 Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of
17 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103)) for scholarships for students
18 or prospective students who are—

19 (A) members of Indian Tribes; and

20 (B) pursuing an agricultural field of study.

21 (k) FUNDING.—There is appropriated to the Sec-
22 retary, out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise ap-
23 propriated, to carry out this section \$1,000,000,000 for
24 fiscal year 2021, to remain available until expended.